Roll No.

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M.Sc. (IT) / MCA / PGDCA (2019 Batch) (Sem.-1)

MATHEMATICS

Subject Code : PGCA-1901 M.Code : 76971

Time: 2 Hrs. Max. Marks: 35

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

1. Attempt any FIVE question(s), each question carries 7 marks.

- 1. Is 2352 is perfect square? If not find smallest multiple of 2352 which is perfect square. Find square root of the new number.
- 2. a) Find cube root of 13824.
  - b) Find the value of  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{729} \sqrt[3]{27}}{\sqrt[2]{144} + \sqrt[3]{64}}$ .
- 3. a) Show that if A and B are any two sets, then prove that  $A B = A (A \nabla B)$ .
  - b) Which of the following sets are equal?

A =  $\{x : x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0, x - 3 = 0\}$ , B =  $\{x : x \in \mathcal{D}N, x < 5\}$ , C =  $\{x : x \in \mathcal{D}N, x \text{ is a prime number } < 5\}$ .

- 4. a) How many subsets can be formed from a set of *n* elements? How many of these will be proper and how many improper?
  - b) Define symmetry difference of sets? Also find the symmetric difference of  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ .
- 5. a) Prove that  $p \lor \sim (p \land q)$  is tautology.
  - b) State and prove De-Morgan's law with help of Logics.
- 6. a) Show that  $(p \wedge q) \checkmark r$  and  $(p \checkmark r) \land (q \checkmark r)$  are not equivalent.
  - b) Determine whether  $(\sim q \land (p \lor q)) \equiv \sim p$ .
- 7. a) If  $A = \frac{1}{47} \frac{5}{12}$  and  $B = \frac{9}{7} \frac{1}{8}$ , Find matrix C such that A 5B + C = I, where I is identity matrix.
  - b) State and prove two properties of Transpose of a matrices.

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8. a) Given that 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ , Find AB and BA. Is AB is defined.

b) If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ , Is it true  $(A + B)^2 = A^2 + B^2 + 2AB$ .

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