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Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech. (Electrical Engg./ECE) (2018 Batch) (Sem.–2) MATHEMATICS-II Subject Code : BTAM-202-18

M.Code : 76255

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C.

SECTION-A

- **I.** Answer briefly :
 - a) Check whether the given equation is exact and obtain the general solution :

$$\int (1+x^2)dy + 2xydx = 0$$

- b) Solve the differential equation $(x a)dy/dx + 3y = 12 (x a)^3$; x > a > 0.
- c) Find the solution of the differential equation $y_1^2 + 2y_2^2 + 2y = 0$.
- d) Find a differential equation of the form ay | + by | + cy = 0, for which e^{-x} and xe^{-x} are solutions.
- e) Solve the differential equation y = 32y = 256y = 0
- f) Write a short note on initial value problems.
- g) Find the interval in which the root of equation $x^3 x 11 = 0$ lies.
- h) Write a short note on Bisection method.
- i) Define transcendental equation.
- j) Find the polynomial which takes following data (0, 1), (1, 2) and (2, 1).

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SECTION-B

- 2. i) Find the integrating factor and hence solve $(5x^3 + 12x^2 + 6y^2) dx + 6xy dy = 0$
 - ii) Solve the differential equation $dy/dx y = y^2 (\sin x + \cos x)$.
- 3. i) Find a homogeneous linear differential equation with real coefficients of lowest order which has the $xe^{-x} + e^{2x}$ as the particular solution.
 - ii) Using differential operator, find general solution of $(D^2 + 9) y = xe^{2x} \cos x$.
- 4. Find the general solution of the equation $j \equiv 16y = 32 \sec 2x$, using the method of variation of parameters.
- 5. Find the general solution of the equation $x^2 y = 5xy^2 5y = 24x \ln x$.

SECTION-C

- 6. Use Newton iterative method to find the root of equation 3x cos(x) + 1, by taking initial guess 0.6.
- 7. Solve the following equations by elimination method 2x + y + z = 10, 3x + 2y + 3z = 18and x + 4y + 9z = 10.
- 8. Using Newton's forward formula, find value of f(1.6), if :

x	1	1.4	1.8	2.2
f(x)	3.49	4.82	5.96	6.5

9. Using Runge-Kutta method of order 4, find y(0.2) for the equation y = (y - x)/(y + x) y(0) = 1, take h = 0.2.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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