

Roll No.

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 07

**BCA (Sem.-4)**  
**MATHEMATICS-II**  
Subject Code : BC-301  
M.Code : 10022

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains SIX questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.

**SECTION-A**

**1. Write briefly :**

(a) Define Square matrix.

(b) Find the rank of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & x \end{bmatrix}$

(c) Find the determinant of  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(d) State Measures of Central tendency.

(e) Define Skewness.

(f) Differentiate:  $\sin x^2$ .

(g) Differentiate :  $\log \tan x$ .

(h) Integrate:  $x^{3/2}$

(i) Integrate:  $e^x$ .

(j) State Trapezoidal Rule.

**SECTION-B**

2. Solve:  $5x + 3y + 7z = 4$ ;  $3x + 26y + 2z = 9$ ;  $7x + 2y + 10z = 5$ .
3. Find the missing frequency from the following data when the arithmetic mean is 34 marks and then find the median.

Marks	0–10	10–20	20–30	30–40	40–50	50–60
No. of Student	5	15	20	----	20	10

4. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  Find  $AB$  and  $BA$ .
5. Integrate by parts :  $\int \sin x \, dx$ .
6. Find the second derivative of  $x^2 \log 3x$ .
7. Compute by Simpson's rule an approximate value of  $\int_0^3 x^4 \, dx$  by taking seven equidistant ordinates. Compare it with the exact value and the value obtained by using the Trapezoidal rule.

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**