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B. Tech.
(SEM I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19
PHYSICS
Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
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## SECTIOAN

1. Attemøltquestiontsrief.
$2 \times 10=20$
a. Write down the postulates of special theory of relativity.
[CO 1]
b. How will you show that no particle can move with a velocity greater than the velocity of light in an inertial frame?
[CO 1]
c. Why Maxwell proposed that Ampere's law require modification?
[CO 2]
d. What do you mean by depth of penetration?
[CO 2]
e. Determine the de-Broglie wavelength of a photon.
[CO 3]
f. Discuss the physical significance of a wave function.
[CO 3]
g. Why two independent sources cannot be coherent?
[CO 4]
h. What do you mean by resolving power of an optical instrument?
i. Distinguish between spontaneous and stimulated emissions. Which one is required for laser?
[CO 5]
j. What is the principle of operation of an optical fiber?
[CO 5]

## SECTION B

2. Attempt any three partsor the following:
$10 \times 3=30$
a. Deduce the relativisti. velocity addition theorem. Show that it is consistent with Einstein's second oustulate.
[CO 1]
b. Write the Max $\times$ dl's equations in integral as well as in differential form and explain their physical significance. Show that the velocity of plane electromagnetic wave in the free space is given by $c=1 / \sqrt{ }\left(\mu_{0} \varepsilon_{0}\right)$.
[CO 2]
c. Obtain time independent and time dependent Schrodinger's wave equations. [CO 3]
d. Discuss the phenomenon of Fraunhfofer diffraction at a single slit and show that the relative intensities of the successive maximum are nearly
[CO 4]
$1: \frac{4}{9 \Pi^{2}}: \frac{4}{25 \Pi^{2}}: \frac{4}{49 \Pi^{2}}$
e. Discuss the structure of an optical fiber. What are various types of optical fibers?

Explain their advantages and disadvantages.
[CO 5]

## SECTION C

3. Attempt any two parts of the following:
(a) What do you mean by length contraction? Deduce the necessary expression for this.
(b) Obtain the volume of a cube, the proper length of each edge of which is $l_{0}$ when it is moving with velocity v along one edge of
(c) Deduce an expression for the variation of mass with velocity.
4. Attempt any two parts of the following:
$5 \times 2=10$
(a) What is Poynting vector? Derive and explain Poynting theorem.
(b) Deduce Coulomb's law of electro-statistics from Maxwell's first equation.
(c) Calculate the magnitude of Poynting vector at the surface of the sun. Given that power radiated by sun is $5.4 \times 10^{88}$ watt and radius of sun is $7 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m}$.
5. Attempt any two parts of the following:
(a) A particle is in motion along a line $\mathrm{x}=0$ and $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{L}$ with zero potential energy. At points for which $\mathrm{x}<0$ and $\mathrm{x}>\mathrm{L}$, the potential energy is infinite. Solving Schrodinger equation, obtain energy eigen values \& normalized wave function for the particle.
(b) What is Compton effect? Derive the necessary expression for Compton shift.
(c) Show that $\psi(x, y z t)=,\psi(x, y z e)^{-i w t}$ is a wave function of a stationary state.
6. Attempt any two parts of the following:
(a) Explain the formation of Newton's ring. Prove that in reflected light the diameter of dark rings are proportional to the square [CO 4] root of natural numbers.
(b) Light of wavelength $6000 \AA$ falls normally on a thin wedge-shaped film of refractive index 1.4 forming fringes that are 2.0 mm apart. Find [CO 4] the angle of wedge in econds.
(c) In a grating spefrum, which spectral line in $4^{\text {th }}$ order will overlap with 3rforder line of $5461 \AA$
7. Attempt any tarts of the following:
(a) Describe the construction and working of Ruby Laser with neat diagram.
(b) Calculate the population ratio of two states in $\mathrm{He}-\mathrm{Ne}$ laser that produces light of wavelength $6000 \AA$ at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(c) Calculate the numerical aperture, acceptance angle, and the critical angle of the optical fiber if the refractive index of the [CO 5] core is 1.50 and refractive index of cladding is 1.45.
