

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 09]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

B.Tech. (Sem. - 6th)
RELATIONAL DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS - II
SUBJECT CODE : CS - 302
Paper ID : [A0470]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1)- Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.
- 3) Attempt any **Two** questions from Section - C.

Section - A

Q1)

(10 × 2 = 20)

- a) What do you mean by the term Data independence?
- b) What is Indexing? When do we go for it?
- c) What is relational data structure? Give examples.
- d) Differentiate between the SQL and embedded SQL.
- e) Describe the term QBE.
- f) What is the purpose of using triggers in a data base system?
- g) Differentiate between SQL and PL/SQL.
- h) What are defaults? Is there a column to which a default can't be bound?
- i) How Candidate key is different from primary key and super key?
- j) What is Sequence? How it is created in PL/SQL?

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Section - B

(4 × 5 = 20)

- Q2) What is Data base Model? Discuss in brief the advantages of relational model.
- Q3) CREATE INDEX myIndex ON myTable (myColumn). What type of Index will get created after executing this statement?
- Q4) What are the various integrity constraints supported by Oracle server?
- Q5) Compare and contrast the terms: Relational algebra and Relational Calculus.
- Q6) What is Normalization and its need. Discuss the Anomalies in 3NF relations?

Section - C

(2 × 10 = 20)

- Q7) (a) What is a stored procedure? Why do we need them? How are they different from functions and triggers?
(b) Describe the terms: Cursor and package in the context of SQL server.
- Q8) Differentiate between the following :
- (a) Subqueries and correlated queries.
 - (b) Security and Integrity.
 - (c) Partial and Transitive Dependency.
 - (d) SQL and Oracle Server.
- Q9) Write short notes on the following :
- (a) Transact-SQL PLUS.
 - (b) Data base Recovery techniques.

