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Roll No.

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Paper ID [C0215]

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BBA (Sem. - 3rd)

COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING (BB - 303)

Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section B.

Section - A

Q1)

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- a) What is cost accounting?
- b) What is meant by material control?
- c) Distinguish between direct and indirect labour.
- d) How would you classify overheads according to functions?
- e) Explain sales budget.
- f) What is meant by standard costing?
- g) What are the assumptions of break even analysis?
- h) Define contribution.
- i) Differentiate between fund flow and cash flow statements.
- j) What is meant by allocation of overheads?

Section - B

 $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

- Q2) What are the factors which are to be taken into account for installing a cost accounting system in manufacturing concern?
- Q3) What is the necessity of preparing reconciliation statement? Explain various causes responsible for disagreement of profits shown by financial and costing books.

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- **Q4)** What do you mean by fund flow statement? Discuss its advantages.
- **Q5)** What is meant by Material control? State briefly the basic requirement of material control system.
- **Q6)** Following figure is related to a company manufacturing various range of products:

Year	Sales	Profit
1st year	Rs. 15000/-	Rs.4000/-
2 nd Year	Rs. 19000/-	Rs. 11500/-

Calculate

- a) P/V ratio
- b) Profit on sales of Rs. 1,20,000/-.
- c) Sales required for a cash profit of Rs. 20,000/-.
- d) Margin of safety in 2nd Year.
- e) Variable cost in 1st Year.
- **Q7)** The following particulars are regarding the standard and actual production of product X.

Standard quantity of material per unit = 5 Kg.

Standard price per Kg = Rs. 5/-

Actual number of units produced = 400 Kg.

Actual quantity of material used = 2200 Kg

Price of material = Rs. 4.80/- per Kg

Calculate

- a) Material price variance
- b) Material usage variance.

