

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 07]

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Paper ID [BB102]

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BBA (Sem. - 1st)

BUSINESS MATHEMATICS (BB - 102)

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.

Section - A

Q1)

(10 × 2 = 20)

- a) For any two sets A and B show that, $A \cap B \subseteq A \subseteq A \cup B$
- b) Construct the truth table for $\sim p \vee \sim q$
- c) If ${}^8C_r - {}^7C_3 = {}^7C_2$, find r .
- d) Using Binomial theorem, evaluate $(99)^5$.
- e) If a, b, c are in AP show that $b+c, c+a, a+b$ are also in A.P.

- f) A function is defined as, $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1}$ for $x \neq 1$
 $= 2$ for $x = 1$

Test its continuity at $x=1$.

- g) Find the maximum value of $1-x^2$.
- h) State Cramer's rule to solve simultaneous equations.
- i) If the sum of the series $2, 5, 8, 11, \dots$ is 60100, then find n .
- j) Which is greater ; $\log_2 3$ or $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 5$.

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P.T.O.

Section - B

(4 × 10 = 40)

- Q2)** (a) For any two sets A and B, show that, $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$.
 (b) For any logical statements p, q and r , show that, $p \vee (q \wedge r) = (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$.
- Q3)** (a) Solve $x^2 - \sqrt{2x^2 - 8x + 12} = 4x + 6$.
 (b) How many different words can be formed out of the letters of the word ALLAHABAD? In how many of them the vowels occupy the even positions?
- Q4)** (a) Prove that the coefficient of x^n in the expansion of $(1+x)^{2n}$ is double the coefficient of x^n in the expansion of $(1+x)^{2n-1}$.
 (b) Sum to n terms the series, $.7 + .77 + .777 + \dots$.
- Q5)** (a) If in an A.P., the sum of p terms is equal to the sum of q terms, then prove that the sum of $p + q$ terms is zero.
 (b) If $a \neq 0$ then evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{a+2x} - \sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{3a+x} - 2\sqrt{x}}$.
- Q6)** (a) If $x^y = y^x$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y(x \log y - y)}{x(y \log x - x)}$.
 (b) Divide 64 into two parts such that the sum of the cubes of two parts is minimum.
- Q7)** (a) Apply Gauss elimination method to solve the equations, $x+4y-z = -5$; $x+y-6z = -12$; $3x-y-z=4$.
 (b) Find the value of, $(.235)^{\frac{1}{5}} (.005)^{\frac{1}{2}} (208.610)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$.

