END TERM EXAMINATION

FOURTH SEMESTER [B.TECH] MAY- JUNE 2016

Paper Code: ETCS-204 Subject: Computer Organization & Architecture Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75 Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No1 which is compulsory. Attempt all: (a) Differentiate between Micro-operation and Macro operation. (b) Differentiate between access time and cycle time of a memory. (c) Differentiate between Hardwired and Micro Programmed control unit.(5) (d) Differentiate between Asynchronous Data Transfers and synchronous (e) Differentiate between Unsigned notation and, signed notation. Find range of 2 byte integer in both cases (5) (a) What is RS 232-C standard? Explain the signals associated with it. (6) (b) What are the advantages of byte addressing mechanism over word addressing mechanism and what are their disadvantages? Q3 Discuss different addressing modes used in computer systems using examples. (12.5)(a) Explain zero-address, one-address and two-address instructions with Q4 examples. (b) Explain the need of memory hierarchy with the help of a block diagram? What is the reason for not having one large memory unit for storing all information at one place? The 8-bit registers A, B, C & D are loaded with the value (F2)H, (B9)H and (EA)H respectively. Determine the register content after the execution of the following sequence of micro-operations sequentially. Where Shl=shift left.shr=shift right and cir=circular. $A \leftarrow A + B$, $C \leftarrow C + shl(d)$ (ii) C←C+D.B←B+1 A←A-C (iii) (iv) A←shr(B)⊕cir(d) (a) Explain 8085 instruction set architecture and its organization in (6.5)(b) Discuss about Input-Output and Interrupts in detail. (6)(a) Discuss the procedure to implements a simple CPU. (b) Starting from an initial value of R=10011101. Determine the sequence of binary values in R after logical shift left, followed by a circular shiftright followed by a logical shift right and a circular shift left. Write short notes on any two of the following:-(6.25x2=12.5) (a) Bus Architecture and Bus Arbitration (b) Levels of programming languages (c) RS-232-C and RS-422 standard

