Time: 3 Hours

END TERM EXAMINATION

THIRD SEMESTER [BBA] DECEMBER 2017

Paper Code: BBA-207	Subject: Management Accounting
BBA(B&I)-207	
BBA(TTM)-207	

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q1 Write short notes on the following:-
 - (a) Cash flow statements
 - (b) Horizontal analysis
 - (c) Responsibility Accounting
 - (d) Margin of safety
 - (e) Du-pont analysis
- Q2 What is Management Accounting? Discuss its nature and scope. Explain the role of management accountant.
- Q3 From the following details available, prepare balance sheet of Dimpy and Co. as on 31st March, 2013 and compute proprietary funds.
 - (a) Net worth turnover ratio (on cost of sales)= 2
 - (b) Fixed assets turnover ratio (on cost of sales)= 4
 - (c) Gross profits turnover ratio= 20%
 - (d) Creditors velocity= 73 days
 - (e) Debtors velocity= 2 months
 - (f) Stock velocity= 6
 Reserves and surplus amount to Rs. 10,000. Closing stock was Rs. 5000 in excess of opening stock. Gross profit was Rs 60,000. You can make the necessary assumptions, where required.
- O4 What is Funds flow statement? How it is constructed?
- Q5 A department of Tek India Company attains sales of Rs 6,00,000 at 80% of its normal capacity. Its expenses are given below:

	Rs.
Office salaries	90,000
General expenses	2% of sales
Depreciation	7,500
Rent and rates	8,750
Selling Cost:	
Salaries	8% of sales
expenses	2% of sales
Travelling expenses	
Sales expenses	1% of sales
General expenses	1% of sales
Distribution cost:	
Wages	15,000
Rent	1% of sales
Other expenses:	4% of sales

Q6 Two firms, X Ltd. and Y Ltd. sell identical products in the same market. Their budgeted profit and loss accounts for the year ending on 30th June, 2011 are as follows:

6-1	X Ltd.		Y Ltd.	
Sales		4,00,000		4,00,000
Less: Variable Cost	3,20,000		2,80,000	1,00,000
Fixed Cost	40,000	3,60,000	80,000	3,60,000
Net Profit		40,000		40,000

You are required to:

(a) Calculate the break-even point for each firm and

- (b) State what shall be the likely effect on the profits of the firms in conditions of
 - (i) increasing demand for the products

(ii) falling demand for the products

- (c) Calculate the sales volume at which each business will earn Rs. 50,000 profit.
- Q7 The standard output of X' is 25 units per hour in a manufacturing department of a company employing 100 workers. The standard wage rate per labour hour is Rs 6. In a 42 hour week, the department produced 1,040 units of X' despite 5% of the time paid getting lost due to abnormal reason. The hourly rate actually paid were Rs 6.20, Rs 6 and Rs 5.70 respectively to 10, 30 and 60 workers. Compute relevant variances.
- Q8 How marginal costing is different from absorption costing and direct costing? Discuss advantages of marginal costing.