

8. (a) The magnetic susceptibility X_m of platinum is 30×10^{-5} . Calculate its absolute permeability and relative permeability. $1 \frac{1}{2}$

(b) Explain how an atom behaves as a magnetic dipole. 2

(c) What is hysteresis and hysteresis loss? Show that energy loss per unit volume per cycle of magnetization is equal to the area of B-H curve. How is this energy dissipated? 3

Roll No.

91040

**B. Sc. (Hons.) Chemistry 1st Sem.
Examination – December, 2015**

PHYSICS – I OPTIONAL

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 40

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting at least one from each Unit. Q. No. 1 is compulsory.

1. (a) What does the Lagrangian (L) of a system represent? 2×7

(b) What are all cyclic co-ordinates?

(c) Why do we prefer steel to copper in manufacturing springs?

- (b) Define Hooke's law. Discuss the variation of strain with stress and hence define the elastic limit. $2\frac{1}{2}$
5. (a) Discuss relativity a space and relativity of time on the basis of Lorentz transformation. 2, 2
- (b) Derive the formula for the valuation of mass of particle with velocity. $2\frac{1}{2}$

UNIT - III

6. (a) Deduce the field intensity around a long line charge. 3
- (b) Deduce an expression for electric pressure acting normally outward on the surface of a charged conductor. $3\frac{1}{2}$
7. (a) A uniform magnetic field points horizontally from south to north. The magnitude of the field is 1.5 wb m^{-2} . If a 10 Mev proton moves vertically downward through the field, what force act on it? 3
- (b) What is the difference in the nature of electric field vector \vec{E} and magnetic field vector \vec{B} ? $3\frac{1}{2}$

- (d) Hollow cylinders are preferred over solid cylinder for transmitting torques. Explain why?
- (e) Why is compensating glass plate used in Michelson-Morley experiment?
- (f) What is the importance of constancy of the speed of light?
- (g) What oscillates in an electromagnetic wave?

UNIT - I

2. (a) Derive Lagrange's equations of motion for conservative system. 3
- (b) Prove that sum of K.E. and interval P.E of a system is constant in the case where internal and external forces are conservative. $3\frac{1}{2}$
3. (a) Locate the centre of mass of a system of particles of masses 0.5kg, 1kg and 2kg placed at the corners of an equilateral triangles of 1 metre side. 3
- (b) Write a note on Atwood's machine. $3\frac{1}{2}$

UNIT - II

4. (a) Derive an expression for the twisting couple required to twist a wire through a unit angle at one end, the other end being clamped. Also define torsional rigidity. 3,1