

END TERM EXAMINATION

FIRST SEMESTER [BBA] DECEMBER-2012

Paper Code: BBA/BBA(B&I/TTM/CAM/MOM)103

Subject: Business Economics-I

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :75

Note: Attempt any five questions.

- Q1 Distinguish between **any five** of the following:- (3x5=15)
- (a) Normal profit and abnormal profit
 - (b) Marginal Revenue and Incremental Revenue
 - (c) Discounting and Compounding
 - (d) Risk and Uncertainty
 - (e) Positive Economics and Normative Economics
 - (f) Stable Equilibrium and Undiable Equilibrium

- Q2 (a) What is Business Economics? How is Business Economics related to other management sciences? (6)
- (b) Why do profits arise? Which of the explanation do you find more relevant and why? (9)

- Q3 (a) Using cardinal utility analysis, explain the conditions for consumer's equilibrium. (7)
- (b) Using ordinal utility analysis decompose price effect into income effect and substitution effect. (8)

- Q4 (a) Interpret the following values and also explain their usefulness for business decisions:-
- (iv) $E_p = -0.1$ (ii) $E_Y = -0.5$ (iii) $E_Y = +0.5$ (iv) $E_C = -0.9$ (v) $E_C = +1.1$ (iv) $E_Y = 0$
- Where, E_p =price elasticity coefficient, E_Y =Income elasticity coefficient and E_C =Cross elasticity coefficient. (3+3)

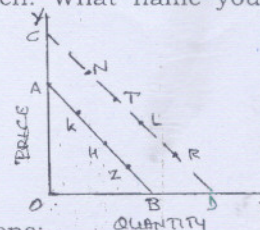
- (b) Maruti Udyog Limited has reported following data relating to their sales during the last six years:-

Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Sales(in thousand units)	80	75	84	74	75	75

Predict the sales for the year 2014 using straight line trend method. (6)

- (c) Look at the given fig.1. Two demand curves are given. What name you give to following changes:-

- (i) From K to R
- (ii) From T to H
- (iii) From Z to K
- (iv) From N to R
- (v) From L to K
- (vi) From N to Z



You have to choose between the following four expressions:-

- (i) Expansion in demand
- (ii) Contraction in demand
- (iii) Increase in demand
- (iv) Decrease in demand

- Q5 (a) Differentiate between fixed factor proportions and variable factor proportions. Using the following table, explain the concept of returns in scale:- (3+5)

Units of X-input	Units of Y-input	Total output
1	2	100
2	4	300
4	8	700
8	16	1300
16	32	2500

- (b) Using the iso-quant analysis, explain the conditions for producer's equilibrium. (7)

- Q6 (a) Explain the concept of Ridge Lines. (7)
- (b) Prove that the second stage of production, according to the Law of Variable Proportions, is the actual stage of operation in a business. (8)

- Q7 (a) Is there any short-run cost curve that always falls with an increase in the level of output? Will it always be so both in the short-run and long-run? (6)
- (b) Why is the average revenue curve of a firm also the demand curve facing the firm? Also, with the help of diagrams differentiate the AR and MR curves of a firm in- (3+6)
- (i) Perfect competition
 - (ii) Monopoly
 - (iii) Monopolistic competition
 - (iv) Oligopoly

- Q8 (a) Distinguish between long-run equilibrium condition of a firm under perfect competition and monopolistic competition. (6)
- (b) What is a Kinked Demand Curve? How is it used to explain price rigidity in an oligopoly? (9)