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# Paper ID [CE208]

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## B. Tech. (Sem. - 4th)

## **STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I (CE - 208)**

## **Time : 03 Hours**

Maximum Marks: 60

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

#### **Instruction to Candidates:**

- 1) Section A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Four questions from Section B.
- 3) Attempt any Two questions from Section C.

## Section - A

Q1)

- a) State moment area theorem.
- b) What are the advantages of method of sections over method of joints.
- c) What do you mean by core of section?
- d) What is the difference between a two hinged arches and three arches.
- e) Calculate the minimum thickness of wall thickness of a thin cylinder 0.8 mm in diameter if it is to withstand an internal pressure of 18 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>. The hoop stress and longitudinal stress is not to exceed 400 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> and 300 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> respectively.
- f) Draw the influence line for Shear Force for a point at a distance 'C' from a fixed support in a cantilever AB.
- g) How will you calculate bending moment at a point for a uniformly distributed load shorter than span from influence line diagram.
- h) What is the shape of a cable under its own weight?
- i) Find the deflection at the free end of a Cantilever carrying a point load at its free end by moment area theorem.
- j) Explain a Conjugate Beam.

#### Section - B

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

**Q2)** Find the deflection at free end of the cantilever loaded with triangular load as shown by Strain Energy method.

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**P.T.O.** 

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- Q3) A masonry retaining wall at trapezoidal section is 10 m high and retains earth which is level upto the top. The width at the top is 2 m and at the bottom 8 m and the exposed face is vertical. Find maximum and minimum intensities of normal stress at the base. Take density of earth =  $15696 \text{ N/m}^3$  and density of masonry =  $23544 \text{ N/m}^3$ . Angle of repose of earth =  $30^\circ$ .
- **Q4**) A train of loads shown in figure crosses a girder of 20 m span from left to right. Determine the maximum B.M. and S.F. at quarter span.



- **Q5)** A symmetrical three hinged arch rib of circular form has a span of 15 m and central rise of 3 m. There is a uniformly distributed load of 2000 kg/horizontal metre covering the entire span. Find the horizontal thrust and bending moment at quarter span.
- **Q6)** A suspension cable having supports at same level has span of 20 m and maximum dip of 2 m. It is loaded with uniformly distributed load 10 kN/m throughout its length and with concentrated loads of 20 kN and 60 kN at right hand and left hand middle third points respectively. Find the maximum tension in the cable.

# Section - C

# $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

Q7) All the members shown in figure are so proportioned that under the given loading all compression members are stressed to 50 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and tension members to 100 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Determine the horizontal and vertical movement of A.  $E = 2 \times 10^5$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>.



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**Q8)** A warren girder having a span of 30 m consists of four equal panels shown in figure. Plot the influence line for force in members  $L_1L_2$ ,  $U_1U_2$  and  $U_1L_2$ .



Q9) A two hinged parabolic arch has a span of 40 m and a central size of 8 m. Calculate max positive and negative B.M. at a section distance 10 m from left hinge due to a single point load of 5 kN rolling from left to right.

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