Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech. (CE) (Sem.-3rd) FLUID MECHANICS-I Subject Code: CE-203 Paper ID: [A0602]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 60

### INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students has to attempt any FOUR questions.
- SECTION-C contains THREE costions carrying TEN marks each and students has to attempt any TWO questions.

# SECTION-A

# I. Answer briefly:

- (a) Define Newtonian Fluid.
- (b) Calculate specific gravity of one litre of a liquid which weighs 7N.
- (c) What do you mean by Total Pressure?
- (d) Define Flow Net.
- (e) Define Archimedes Principle of Buoyancy.
- (f) What is kinetic energy correction factor?
- (g) Give units of Modulus of Elasticity. Also write its dimensional formula in terms of M, L & T.
- (h) What is the advantage of Cippoletti Weir?
- (i) Define Reynold Number.
- (j) What is Coefficient of Discharge?

# [N-(S-2)44A ]

### SECTION-B

 Determine the minimum size of glass tube that can be used to measure water level if the capillary rise in the tube is to be restricted to 2 mm. Consider surface tension of water in contact with air = 0.073575 N/m.

(5)

- 3. A rectangular plane surface 2 m wide and 3 m deep lies in water in such a way that its plane makes an angle of 30° with the free surface of water. Determine the total pressure and centre of pressure when the upper edge is 1.5 m below the free water surface.
- How would you determine experimentally the metacentric height of a body? Explain with neat sketch.
- 5. Prove that in the case of Forced Vertex, the rise of liquid level at the ends is equal to fall of liquid level at the axis of rotation. (5)
- 6. (a) A rectangular channel 2.0 m wide has a discharge of 250 lps, which is measured by a right angled V-notch. Find position of apex of the notch from the bed of channel, if maximum depth of water is not to exceed 1.3 m. Take coefficient of discharge = 0.62. (3)
  - (b) Give advantages of Triangular notch over rectangular notch. (2)

### SECTION-C

- 7. What are the methods of Dimensional Analysis? Describe Rayleigh's method for Dimensional Analysis.
- 8. State Bernoulli Theorem. Mention the assumptions made. How is it modified while applying in practice? Give some application of Bernoulli Theorem.
- Two pipes one of Diameter D<sub>1</sub> and other of diameter D<sub>2</sub>, having equal length have a constant value of pipe coefficient. If the pipes are arranged in parallel, the loss of head is H<sub>1</sub> and when pipes are arranged in series,

loss of head is  $H_2$  for the same quantity of flow. If  $D_2 = \frac{D_1}{2}$ , find the

ratio of  $\frac{\hat{H}_2}{H_1}$  neglecting secondary lossess.