Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-III • EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2013

Subject Code: 130604 Date: 04-06-2013 **Subject Name: Structural Analysis-I** Time: 02.30 pm - 05.00 pm **Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. **Q.1** (1) State and Explain Principle of Superposition. 03 (2) Find static indeterminacy and kinematic indeterminacy of structures 04 given in Fig.1 and Fig.2 (b) Analyze the rigid jointed portal frame shown in the Fig.3. Draw shear force 07 diagram, bending moment diagram and axial force diagram. **Q.2** (1) Define: Strain energy, modulus of resilience, Influence line 03 (2) Derive an expression of slope at supports for the simply supported beam 04 subjected to point load at the centre of the beam. A cantilever 2m long is loaded as shown in Fig. 4. Find slope and deflection **07** at free end using Macaulayos method. Take E = 200GPa and I = 160×10^6 mm⁴ A solid cylindrical shaft is to transmit 300kW power at 100r.p.m. If the 07 shear stress not to exceed 80N/mm², find its diameter. What percent saving in weight would be obtain if this shaft is replaced by a hollow one whose internal diameter quals to 0.6 of the external diameter, the length, the material and maximum shear stress being the same. Derive an expression for deflection of a closed coil helical spring subjected Q.3 **07** to an axia load. Determine the horizontal deflection and vertical deflection at D, of a truss 07 shown in Fig. 5 using unit load method. AE is same for all members. Q.3 Determine the tension in each segment of the cable shown in Fig. 6. Also, **07** (a) find the dimension ha A masonry chimney 20m high is of circular section, the external diameter 07 and internal diameter of the section being 6m and 4m respectively. The chimney is subjected to horizontal wind pressure of 1.2kN/m² of projected area. Find the maximum and minimum stresses at the base. Take unit weight of masonry as 20kN/m³. Calculate the change in diamtere, change in length and change in volume of 0.4 07 a thin cylindrical shell 1000mm diamter, 10mm thick and 5m long when subjected to internal pressure of 5N/mm^2 . Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and Poissonøs ratio = 0.3. A circular arched rib of 20m span with central rise of 5m is hinged at the 07 crown and springing. It carries a point load of 80kN at 5m from the left hand hinge. Find the horizontal thrust of the arch, the reactions at the supports and bending moment under the point load.

- Q.4 (a) A steel bar of 3m length and 1000mm^2 in cross section suddenly loaded with an axial pull of 20 kN. Find maximum instantaneous stress, maximum instantaneous elongation and strain energy. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$.
 - (b) Derive an expression for crippling load when one end of column is fixed and the other end is free.
- Q.5 (a) A simply supported beam of span 6m carries uniformly distributed load of 10 kN/m over its entire span. Find the strain energy stored due to bending in the beam. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $I = 1.5 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$.
 - (b) A simply supported beam AB has a span of 10m. Draw influence lines for R_A , R_B , V_X and M_X for a section X at 4m from left hand support.

OR

- Q.5 (a) A hollow cylindrical cast iron column is 4m long with both ends fixed. Find the minimum diameter of the column if it has to carry a safe load of 250 kN with a factor of safety of 5. Take internal diameter as 0.8 times the external diameter. Take c = 500MPa and Rankiness constant = 1/1600.
 - (b) A short column has a square section 300mm × 300mm with a square hole of 150 mm × 150 mm as shown in Fig. 7. It caarries an eccentric load of 1500kN, loacted as shown in figure. Determine the maximum and minimum stresses across the section.

