

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE SEM-III Examination-Dec.-2011**

**Subject code: 130601****Date: 20/12/2011****Subject Name: Surveying****Time: 2.30 pm -5.00 pm****Total marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a) Enlist various methods of plane tabling & explain with sketch any Two methods. 07
- (b) Explain :- Methods of taking horizontal angles with vernier transit Theodolite. 07
- Q.2 (a) Why are curves provided? State various types of curves with sketch. Draw the neat sketch of simple circular curve showing various elements of it. 07
- (b) How will you adjust closing error of traverse by graphical method & by Transit rule? 07
- OR
- (b) Following are the bearings and length of a Traverse ABCD. Find out closing error of traverse. 07
- | Line      | AB               | BC              | CD               | DA               |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Length(m) | 105.8            | 142.5           | 188.8            | 188.9            |
| Bearing   | $319^{\circ}15'$ | $51^{\circ}30'$ | $131^{\circ}45'$ | $256^{\circ}45'$ |
- Q.3 (a) Draw the sketch of following & write their function (i) Slidade (ii) U-Fork (iii) Trough compass 07
- (b) Why are transition and vertical curves provided? What are the advantages & requirements of an ideal transition curve? 07
- OR
- Q.3 (a) Explain the procedure for evaluating missing quantities in a closed traverse. 07
- (b) Write method of setting out a culvert. 07
- Q.4 (a) Enlist various methods of setting out simple circular curve. Also explain one Theodolite method of setting out a simple circular curve. 07
- (b) Derive an expression for 'D' & 'h' in case of Trigonometric leveling when base of object is inaccessible, Instrument station in same vertical plane with the elevated object for (i) Instrument axes at same level (ii) Instrument axes at different levels 07
- OR
- Q.4 (a) To determine the height of a chimney, a Theodolite was kept at Two stations  $I_1$  &  $I_2$  200m apart.  $I_1$  being nearer to the chimney. The reading at the BM of RL 1020.375m were 1.35m from station  $I_1$  & 2.15 from  $I_2$ . The vertical angles to the top of the chimney were  $19^{\circ}30'$  &  $8^{\circ}15'$  from stations  $I_1$  &  $I_2$  respectively. Find the horizontal distance & RL of the top of the chimney. 07

- (b) Two straights AB & BC intersect at chainage (375 + 12), the angle of deflection being  $110^\circ$ . Calculate the chainage of the tangent points of a right handed circular curve of 400m radius. Chain was used of 20m. 07
- Q.5 (a) Enlist equipments needed for a soundings, also explain with sketch station pointer. 07
- (b) A road embankment is 8m wide & 200m in length at the formation level, with a side slope of 1.5(H) :1(V). The embankment has a rising gradient of 1 in 100m. The ground levels at every 50m along the centre line are as follows 07
- |               |       |       |       |     |       |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| Distance (m)  | 0     | 50    | 100   | 150 | 200   |
| Ground RL (m) | 164.5 | 165.2 | 166.8 | 167 | 167.2 |
- Take formation level of zero chainage is 166m calculate the volume of earth work by Trapezoidal rule & Prismoidal rule.

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