

Seat No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Enrolment No. \_\_\_\_\_

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE- 1<sup>st</sup> /II<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER-EXAMINATION – MAY/JUNE - 2012

Subject code: 110011

Date: 11/06/2012




Subject Name: Physics

Time: 10:30 am – 01:00 pm

Total Marks: 70

### Instructions:

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Each question carry equal marks

- Q.1 (A) Choose an appropriate option from the following.
- i) Frequency range for ultrasonic sound wave is (1)  
(a)  $< 2$  Hz (b) 20Hz-20,000Hz (c)  $> 20$  kHz (d) 2 Hz-10Hz
- ii) The intensity level ( $I_L$ ) of 0 dB corresponds to intensity of \_\_\_\_\_. (1)  
(a)  $10^0$  W/m<sup>2</sup> (b)  $10^{-1}$  W/m<sup>2</sup> (c)  $10^{-10}$  W/m<sup>2</sup> (d)  $10^{-12}$  W/m<sup>2</sup>
- iii) 'Dwell Time' term is used in which of the following NDT method? (1)  
(a) Liquid Penetrant (b) X-ray fluoroscopy (c) Pulse echo (d) none of these
- iv) Which of the following represents the schematic symbol of Varactor diode? (1)
- (a)  (b)  (c)  (d) none of these
- (B) Distinguish between type-I and type-II superconductors. (4)
- (C) Answer the following question in detail.
- i) Explain Holography technique. (3)
- ii) An auditorium has a volume of 2000m<sup>3</sup> and its total absorption is equivalent to 92.9 m<sup>2</sup> of Open window. What will be the effect on reverberation time if an auditorium is full of audience and thereby increasing the absorption by another 92.9 m<sup>2</sup> of Open window? (3)
- Q.2 (A) Write down properties and applications of ultrasonic waves. (4)
- (B) Define:-Atomic Packing Factor and void space. Find APF (%) and void space for Face Centered Cubic structure. (5)
- (C) What is NDT? Explain X-ray radiography method for NDT. (5)
- Q.3 (A) Answer the following questions.
- i) Justify the statement; 'Zener Diode' is used as voltage regulator in electronic circuit. (2)
- ii) Elaborate the statement, Lattice + Basis=Crystal Structure. (2)
- iii) The refractive indices of the core and the cladding materials are 1.55 and 1.51 respectively. Calculate the numerical aperture of the optical fibre made from these materials. (2)
- (B) Explain advantages of Optical fibre over a conventional metallic cable. (4)
- (C) Derive an expression for thermal conductivity of metals by making use of kinetic theory of gases. (4)

- Q.4 (A) State the differences between laser light and ordinary light. (3)
- (B) Obtain an expression for interplanar distance between two adjacent planes of Miller indices (h k l) in a cubic crystal system. (5)
- (C) Classify optical fibre based on refractive index profile and modes of propagation. (6)
- Q.5 (A) Answer the following in short.
- i) What is piezoelectric effect? (1)
- ii) Define: Total Internal Reflection. (1)
- iii) Write down the statement of Ohm's law. (1)
- iv) Draw the crystal plane for the Miller Indices (1 1 1) in a simple cubic unit cell. (1)
- (B) Solve the following numerical.
- The critical magnetic field at 5 K is  $2 \times 10^3$  A/m in a superconducting ring of radius of 0.02 m. find out the value of critical current. (3)
- (C) Answer the following in detail. (7)
- What is metallic glass? Explain melt spinning method for the preparation of metallic glass. State properties and applications of Metallic glass.
- Q.6 (A) Show that Superconducting material is diamagnetic in nature and obtain  $\chi_m = -1$ . (4)
- (B) Write a Short note of Fullerene and Carbon Nano Tube. (5)
- (C) Describe the principle, construction and working of Nd: YAG laser. (5)
- Q.7 (A) Answer the following.
- i) Classify solid on the basis of energy band diagram. (3)
- ii) The Hall effect coefficient of a specimen of doped silicon is found to be  $3.66 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{C}$ . (3)
- The resistivity of the specimen is  $8.93 \times 10^{-4} \text{ } \Omega\text{-m}$ . Find out the mobility and carrier concentration of the charge carrier.
- (B) State and explain Wiedemann- Franz law. What is an outcome of this law? (4)
- (C) Derive an expression for total sound energy received by a wall segment per unit second in form of  $\frac{E \cdot v \cdot ds}{4}$ . (4)

\*\*\*\*\*