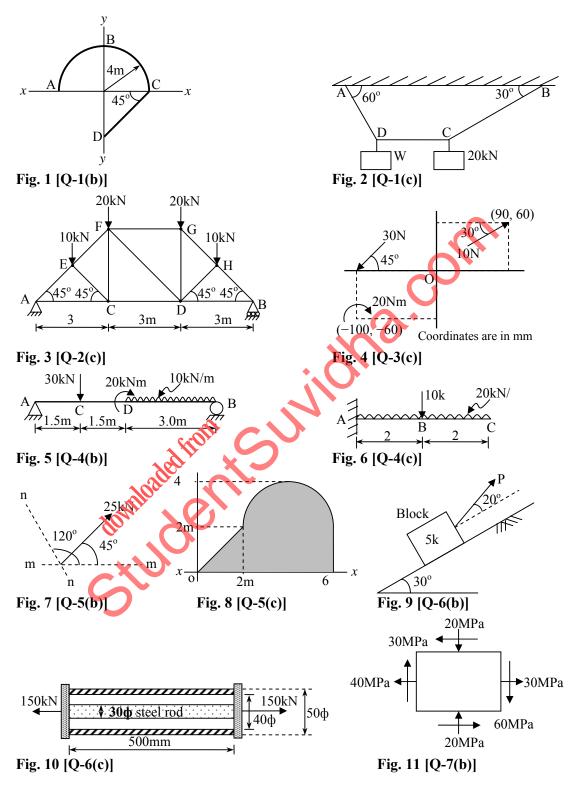
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GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE - SEMESTER- 1st / 2nd • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2013

Subject Code: 110010 Date: 19-06-2013 **Subject Name: Mechanics of Solids** Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm**Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt any five questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Define: (i) Space (ii) Particle (iii) Equilibrant Q.1 (a) 03 (b) Locate the centroid of composite line ABCD as shown in **figure 1**. 04 (c) A cord supported at A and B carries a load of 20kN at D and a load of W at 07 C as shown in **figure 2**. Find the value of W so that CD remains horizontal. Q.2State: (i) Law of Parallelogram of Forces (ii) Law of Triangle of Forces 03 A wooden beam 2m long, simply supported at ends, has rectangular section 04 150mm × 600mm and carries a point load of 20kN at center of the beam. Calculate the bending stress at a layer 200mm above the bottom of the beam, the layer being of the section distant 0.8m from left support. (c) Find forces in members CD, FG and FD. The truss is shown in figure 3. 07 (a) Enlist various type of loads and type of supports Q.303 (b) A beam of rectangular section 100mm × 300mm is subjected to a shear 04 force of 10kN. Find shear stress at the top layer, at neutral layer and the average value of shear stress. Show the stress distribution diagram. Some forces are acting on a rigid body as shown in figure 4. Find the 07 resultant of the given force system, in terms of magnitude and direction. Find the location of the Resultant with respect to point O. Distinguish between perfect, unstable and redundant trusses. Illustrate with **Q.4** 03 sketches. Find reaction at support A and B for the beam shown in **figure 5**. 04 Calculate shear force and bending moment at salient points of the beam 07 shown in **figure 6**. Draw shear force diagram and bending moment diagram for the beam. State Pappus-Guldinus first theorem and prove it. 03 Q.5 (a) A force is acting at an angle of 45°. Find the components along the axes 04 m-m and n-n as shown in figure 7. Find the moment of inertia of the area about x-x axis as shown in **figure 8**. 07 (a) Define: (i) Coefficient of friction (ii) Angle of friction (iii) Stress 03 **Q.6** Refer figure 9. The coefficient of frictions between the block and the 04 inclined plane is 0.2. Determine the least value of the force P required just to move the block up along the inclined plane. A steel rod of 30mm diameter is placed inside a copper tube of external 07 diameter 50mm and internal diameter 40mm, having length equal to 500mm and connected rigidly at the ends as shown in figure 10. The bar is subjected to axial pull of 150kN. Find the stresses in each material and elongation of the composite bar. Take $E_{\text{steel}} = 200 \text{ GPa}$ and $E_{\text{copper}} = 100 \text{GPa}$. Q.7 (a) A uniform ladder of weight 250N and length 5m is placed against a vertical 07 wall in a position where its inclination to the vertical is 30°. A person weighing 700N climbs the ladder. At what position of the person the ladder

will start to slip? Take coefficient of friction $\mu = 0.2$ at both the contact surfaces of the ladder.

(b) For the state of stress as shown in **figure 11** determine location of principal planes, principal stresses and maximum shear stress.



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