

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 0022

Roll No.

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B. Tech.**(SEMESTER-IV) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2011-12****GEOINFORMATICS****Time : 3 Hours]****[Total Marks : 100**

- Note :**
- (i) This question paper has **three** sections A, B and C.
 - (ii) Attempt **all** questions.
 - (iii) Marks and number of questions to be attempted from each section is mentioned before the section.
 - (iv) Assume missing data suitably. Illustrate the answers with suitable sketches.

SECTION – A

1. This section has **ten** parts of short answer type questions. Attempt all parts. **10 × 2 = 20**
- (a) Describe aerial camera with the help of its neat sketch.
 - (b) List various Indian satellites.
 - (c) Write the various characteristics of any one satellite.
 - (d) Enumerate the concept of stereoscopy.
 - (e) What do you mean by relief displacement ?
 - (f) Derive the expression for relief displacement.
 - (g) List the characteristics of photographic images.
 - (h) Write a short note on photo interpretation.
 - (i) What do you mean by ideal remote sensing system ?
 - (j) How the data are obtained from a remote sensing satellite ?

SECTION – B

2. Attempt any **five** parts of the following : **5 × 6 = 30**
- (a) With the help of their comparative study, explain :
 - (i) Multi band and multi stage imaginary
 - (ii) Standard data and geocoded data
 - (b) Explain wave model of electromagnetic radiation.

- (c) Write brief note on the interaction of electromagnetic energy with matter.
- (d) Explain the method of image rectification.
- (e) What do you mean by topology ?
- (f) Explain the terms data modelling and data output.
- (g) Distinguish between static, kinematic and differential GPS.

SECTION – C

Question No. 3 to 7 has **three** parts each. Attempt any **two** parts from each question.

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$

3. (a) A tower **AB** is **40 m** high, and the elevation of its bottom **B** is **800 m** above mean sea-level. The distance of the image of the tower on a vertical photograph, taken at a flight altitude of **1800 m** above mean sea-level, is **8.42 cm**. Compute the displacement of the image of the top of the tower with respect to the image of its bottom.
- (b) Explain the various geometric and radiometric corrections to satellite data.
- (c) What are the various classification schemes of remote sensing data ? Explain any one in detail.
4. (a) What do you understand by the term GIS ?
- (b) Describe the concept of GIS in detail.
- (c) How the basic entities are represented in raster and vector data model ?
5. (a) How accuracy is being checked of the classified image ? Explain it with any one example.
- (b) Describe the general topological vector data model.
- (c) Differentiate between topological vector data model and spaghetti model.
6. (a) What do you understand by GPS ? How it is helpful in mapping ?
- (b) Describe the working of GPS in detail.
- (c) With the help of its comparative study; explain the kinematic and differential GPS.
7. (a) Briefly describe the satellite navigation system.
- (b) Write short note on space-segment, control segment and user segment with reference to GPS.
- (c) Explain in brief the GPS satellite signals and receivers.