



(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID : 9909  
9958  
9959

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

B.Tech.

THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2005-2006

MATHEMATICS - III

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 100

- Note :**
- (i) Attempt **ALL** questions.
  - (ii) All questions carry equal marks.
  - (iii) In case of numerical problems assume data wherever not provided.
  - (iv) Be precise in your answer.

1. Attempt **any four** parts of the following : (4x5=20)

- (a) Define an analytic function. Let  $\operatorname{Re} f(z)$  be constant for an analytic function  $f(z)$ , then show that  $f(z)$  is constant.
- (b) Construct the analytic function  $f(z)$  whose real part is  $u(x, y) = e^{-x} (x \sin y - y \cos y)$ .
- (c) Evaluate the following integral

$$\int_{1+i}^{2+i} (2x+iy+1)dz$$

along the two paths

- (i)  $x = t+1, y = 2t^2+1$
- (ii) The straight line joining  $1-i$  and  $2+i$ .

- (d) State and prove the Cauchy's Integral Formula.
- (e) State and verify, Cauchy theorem by integrating  $e^{iz}$  along the boundary of the triangle with the vertices at the points  $1+i$ ,  $-1+i$  and  $-1-i$ .
- (f) Find the first three terms of the Taylor's series

expansion of  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 4}$

about  $z = -i$ . Find the region of convergence.

2. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

(a) Using complex variable technique evaluate the

real integral  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{5+4 \cos 3 \theta} d\theta$ .

(b) Evaluate by using contour integration method

$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos ax}{x^2 + 1} dx, a \geq 0$ .

(c) (i) Expand  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$  in Laurent's

series valid in the region  $1 < |z| < 2$

(ii) Define a conformal mapping. Prove that an analytic function  $f(z)$  ceases to be conformal at the points  $z_0$ , where  $f'(z_0) = 0$ .

*Note - Following Q. No. 3 to 5 are for New Syllabus only (TAS-301/MA-301)*

3. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

(a) Define the Fourier transform.

(i) State and prove the modulation theorem for the Fourier transform.

(ii) State and prove the Parseval identity for the Fourier transform.

TAS-301 / MA-301

MA-301(O) / TCF-304

- (b) Define the Z-transform of a sequence  $\{f_k\}$   $n=0$

$$y_{k+2} = \frac{5}{6}y_{k+1} - \frac{1}{6}y_k + 3^k, y_1=1, y_0=0.$$

4. Attempt *any four* parts of the following : (4x5=20)

- (a) Calculate the variance and third central moment from the following data :

$x_i$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$f_i$	1	9	26	59	72	52	29	7	1

- (b) Find the moment generating function of the exponential distribution.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{c} e^{-x/c}, 0 \leq x < \infty, c > 0.$$

- (c) Define the lines of regression and coefficient of correlation. The ages of the husbands and wives are given in the following table

age of husband	$x$	23	27	28	29	30
age of wife	$y$	18	22	23	24	25

calculate the coefficient of correlation between  $x$  and  $y$  from the above table.

- (d) Find the mean and variance of Poisson's Distribution.
- (e) Assuming the half the population are consumers of chocolate so that the chance of an individual being a consumer is  $\frac{1}{2}$ , and assuming that 100 investigators each take 10 individuals to see whether they are consumers, how many investigators would you expect to report that three people or less were consumers ?



5. Attempt *any two* parts of the following : (10x2=20)

(a) Solve the partial differential equation

$$(D^2 - DD^1 - 2D^{12} + 2D + 2D^1)z = e^{2x+3y} + \sin(2x+y)$$

(b) Use separation of variable method to solve the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

Subject to the boundary conditions

$$u(0, y) = u(\ell, y) = u(x, 0) = 0 \text{ and}$$

$$u(x, a) = \sin \frac{n\pi}{\ell} x$$

(c) A string is stretched and fastened to two points  $\ell$  apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form  $y = h(\ell x + x^2)$  from which it is released at time  $t = 0$ . Find the displacement of any point on the string at a distance of  $x$  from one end at time  $t$ .

- o O o -