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Roll No. Total No. of Pages : 02 Total No. of Questions : 09 B.Tech.(CSE/IT) (Sem.-3) **COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE** Subject Code : CS-201 Paper ID : [A0451] Max. Marks: 60 Time : 3 Hrs. **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES :** SECTION-A is COMPULSORY. 1. 2. Attempt any FOUR questions from SECTION-B. Attempt any TWO questions from SECTION-C. 3. $(8 \times 2.5 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ **SECTION-A** 1. (a) What are the advantages of interrupts in computers ? (b) What is the need for a cache memory? Where is it located in a computer ? (c) A given program consists of 50 instruction loop that is executed 35 times. It takes 6,000 cycles to execute the program on a given system. Find the computer performance in CPI (cycles per instruction). (d) What do you understand by programmed I/O? (e) What do you understand by I/O channel? (f) What is Superscalar machine ? (g) List the functions of 8251. (h) What do you understand by the terms "loosely coupled" and "tightly coupled" in parallel computers ?

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SECTION-B

(4 × 5 = 20 Marks)

- 2. With the help of a flow chart discuss the process of subtraction of floating point numbers. Also explain the issues involved in its hardware implementation.
- 3. What is the need of control unit in computer ? Draw the control unit of a basic computer. Discuss how fetch and decode phases are carried out.
- 4. Describe the principle of operation and role of Stack memory in program execution. State the microinstructions executed in stack operation.
- 5. Describe in detail the Daisy- chaining priority to handle interrupts with suitable example.
- 6. Discuss the functions of DMA controller in data transfer between I/O & memory. Also state different modes of DMA operation.

SECTION-C $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 7. Use Booth multiplication algorithm to multiply 25 with 8. Show all the steps clearly.
- 8. A task can be carried out with a six stage pipeline with clock cycle of 8 ns. The same task can be done in a non pipeline unit in 40 *ns*. Determine the speed up ratio of the pipeline for 120 tasks. What is the maximum speed up that can be achieved ? Determine the number of clock cycles it takes to process 220 tasks.
 - Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Transaction processing bench marks
 - (b) SPMD

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