

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE SEM-V Examination-Nov/Dec.-2011

Subject code: 150605**Date: 01/12/2011****Subject Name: Structural Analysis – III****Time: 2.30 pm -5.00 pm****Total marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Give uses of domes and beams curved in plan. **06**
(b) Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate answer and **08**
rewrite the complete sentence.
- (1) The ratio of collapse load of a propped cantilever of span ' l ' carrying a uniformly distributed load throughout the span to that of a simply-supported beam carrying the same load is _____ (1.457, 1.5, 2.0, 3.0).
- (2) The shape of the cross-section, which has the largest shape factor, is _____ (Rectangular, I-section, diamond, solid circular).
- (3) In the theory of plastic bending of beams, the ratio of plastic moment to yield moment is called _____ (Shape factor, plastic section modulus, modulus of resilience, rigidity modulus).
- (4) In the theory of plastic bending of beams, the ratio of the collapse load to the working load is called _____ (Load factor, shape factor, factor of safety, plastic section modulus).
- Q.2** (a) Calculate the shape factor for the section shown in Figure 1. **07**
(b) Calculate the collapse load in terms of M_p for the fixed beam shown in Figure 2. **07**
- OR**
- (b) A beam semicircular in plan with both the ends fixed has radius of 4m. It is loaded with a point load of 50kN at the mid-point of the semicircle. Draw the bending moment, shear force and torsion moment diagrams. Take $GJ=0.8EI$. **07**
- Q.3** (a) A conical dome of 12 m diameter with a central rise of 4 m supports total uniformly distributed load of 4kN/m^2 over the surface inclusive of self weight. Calculate Meridional and hoop force at ring beam level. **07**
(b) Calculate the collapse load in terms of M_p for the fixed beam shown in Figure 3. **07**

OR

- Q.3 (a)** A spherical dome with a span of 14 m and central rise of 3.5m supports total uniformly distributed load of 3.5 kN/m^2 over the surface inclusive of self weight. Find the meridional and hoop stress at ring beam level. Assume dome thickness 105mm. **07**
- (b)** A beam circular in plan has radius of 4m and is supported on 6 supports spaced equally along the circumference. It is loaded by a uniformly distributed load of 50 kN/m. Calculate the maximum values of bending moment, shear force and torsion moment. **07**
- Q.4 (a)** Formulate the stiffness matrix (S) and load vector (A_D-A_{DL}) for the structure shown in the Figure 4. Take EI constant. **07**
- (b)** For the above problem Q.4 (a), calculate the joint displacements using stiffness method and draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4 (a)** Formulate the flexibility matrix (F) and D_{QL} vector for the structure shown in the Figure 4. Assume reactions at supports B and C as redundants. Take EI constant. **07**
- (b)** For the above problem Q.4 (a), calculate the values of all the unknown reactions using flexibility method and draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams. **07**
- Q.5 (a)** Calculate the stiffness matrix (S) and load vector (A_D-A_{DL}) for the structure shown in the Figure 5. Take EI constant. **07**
- (b)** Give the properties of flexibility and stiffness matrix. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5 (a)** Derive an expression for stresses in conical dome subjected to concentrated load at crown. **07**
- (b)** Differentiate between flexibility and stiffness methods of analysis. **07**

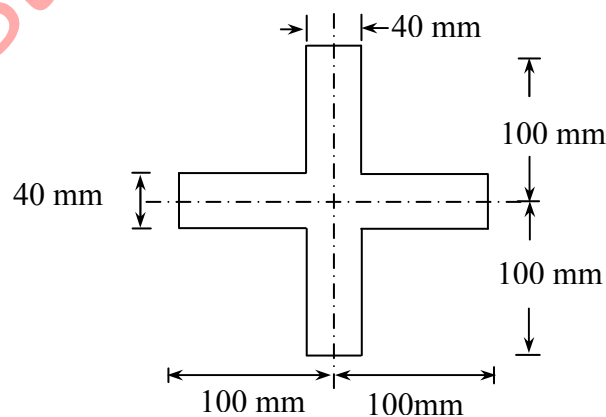


Figure 1.

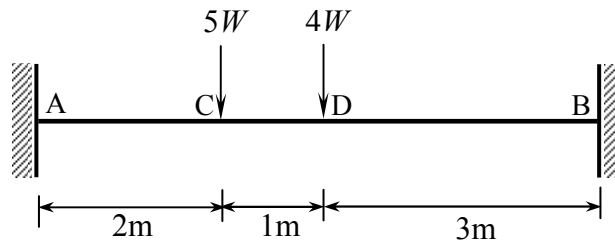


Figure 2.

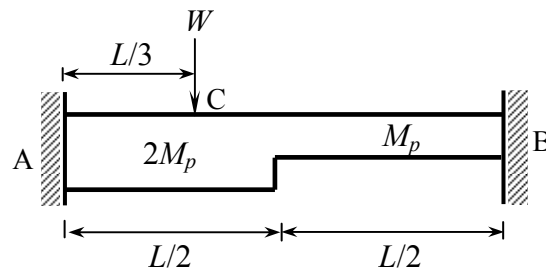


Figure 3.

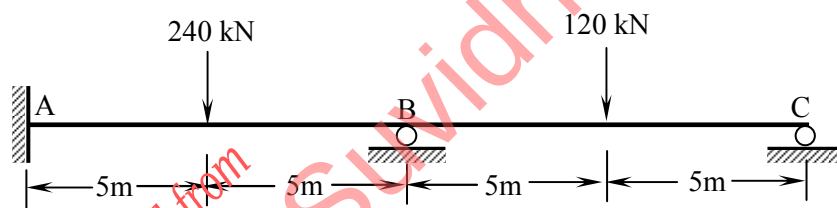


Figure 4.

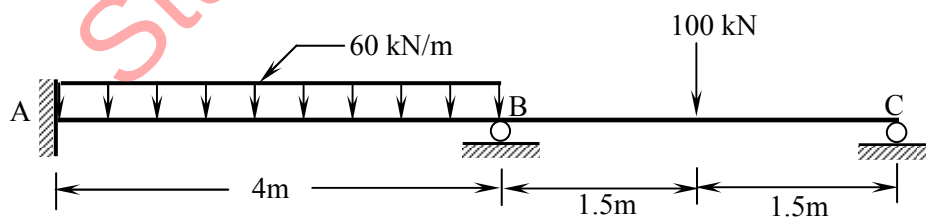


Figure 5.
