# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY 

B.E. Sem-II [All Branch] examination June 2009

Subject code: 110013
Date: 19/06/2009

Subject Name: Engineering Graphics
Time: 10:30am-1:30pm
Total Marks: 70

## Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Use both the side of answer sheet.
5. Lines, dimensions etc. should be as per BIS SP-46
6. Retain all construction lines.
7. All dimensions are in $\mathbf{m m}$.
8. Figures/sketches are not to the scale.
9. Neatness is expected.

## Q. 1

(a) Figure 1 shows the three dimensional pictorial view of an object. Draw using first angle projection method, front view, top view and side view.
(b) Figure 2 shows two views of an object. Draw using first angle projection method, sectional elevation and plan.

## Q. 2

(a) Draw Isometric view for the ôbject shown in Figure 3.

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(b) Figure 4 shows an offset slider crank mechanism. Crank OB is 30 mm long and cotates in clockwise direction. Connecting $\operatorname{rod} A B$ is 128 mm long Offset is 40 mm . Draw the loci of two points $P$ and R. $P B$ and $B R$ are 45 mm and 30 mm respectively.

## OR

(b) i) Ceistruct aplain scale to show kilometers and hectometers when 25 mm is equal to 1 km and long enough to measure up to 6 km . Find RF and show a distance of 3 km and 4 hectometer on the scale
ii) Dray an isometric scale and show a measurement of 46 mm on the scale.
(a) The distance between end projectors of a straight line PQ is 130 mm point $P$ is 40 mm below H.P. and 25 mm in front of V.P. Point Q is 75 mm above H.P. and 30 mm behind V.P. Draw the projection of a line and find out its true length and inclination with H.P. and V.P.
(b) ABCDE is a regular pentagonal plate of 40 mm sides, has its corner A on the H.P. the plate is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to the H.P. such that the side CD is parallel to both the reference planes. Draw the projection of plate.

## OR

Q. 3 (a) The front view of a line $A B, 90 \mathrm{~mm}$ long, measures 65 mm . Front view is inclined to XY line by $45^{\circ}$. Point A is 20 mm below H.P. and on V.P. Point B is in third quadrant. Draw the projections and find inclinations of line with H.P. and V.P.
(b) A square plate of side 60 mm is held on a corner on H.P Plate is inclined to the H.P. such that the plan of it is rhombuses with a diagonal of 30 mm . determine the angle it makes with H.P. The other diagonal is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ V.P. Draw the projection of plate.
(a) A pentagonal prism is resting on one of the corner of its base on the H.P. The longer edge containing that corner is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. The axis of the prism makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ to the V.P. Draw the projections of the solid.
(b) A square pyramid, base 40 mm side and axis 65 mm long, has its base on the H.P. And all the edges of the base equally inclined to the V.P. It is cut by a section plane perpendicular to the V.P. inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and bisecting the axis. Draw its sectional top view, sectional side view ant true shape of the section.

## OR

Q. 4 (a) A Hexagonal prism is resting on one of its side of base ( 30 mm ), such that axis $(60 \mathrm{~mm})$ is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to H.P. and the side on which it is resting is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to V.P. Draw the projections.
(b) A cylinder 40 mm diameter and 70 mm height is resting on its base on H.P. It is cut by plane passing through a point 50 mm from the base and inclined at $40^{\circ}$ to H.P. A through hole of 20mm diameter is drill at 30 mm above the base.
Develop the lateral surface of the cylinder.
(a) Draw the development of lateral surface of a right circular cone having base diameter 40 mm and length of axis 60 mm , when it is resting on H.P. and cut by an AIP inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and bisecting the axis.
(b) A square pyramid, side of base 30 mm and axis length 50 mm is resting on the H.P. on its base with all sides equally inclined to V.P. it is cut by ${ }^{\text {an }}$ AIP inelined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and bisecting the axis. Draw afelopment of lateral surface of the pyramid.

## OR

Q. 5 (a) $T^{\wedge}$ © points $A$ and $B$ are 100 mm apart. Third point $C$ is 75 mm from
${ }^{\circ}$ and 50 mm from B. Draw an ellipse passing through A, B \&C.
(b) An elastic string is unwounded to a length of 120 mm from a drum of diameter 30 mm . Draw the locus of the free end of the string which is held tight during unwinding.


Figure 2

Figure 1


Figure 4

Figure 3

