

Series **SSRI1**Code No.
<61& -:i.**1/1/1**Roll No. | | | | | | | |
Wr~.Candidates must write the Code on
the UUpage of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 8 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the uue page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that ihrs question paper contains II questions
- Please write down the Serial l'umber of the question before allcl1llting il.

ENGLISH (Core)

Time ((/OH'L'd : 3 hours]

[A {aXII/III11 marks , 100

General Instruction» :

- This paper is divided into three Sections : A, B and C. All the sections are compulsory.*
- Separate instructions are given with each section with question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them faithfully.*
- Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.*

SECTION A : READING

20

I. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

- The word 'depressed' in common usage means sad, frustrated, fed up, bored up and pessimistic. The mood of a depressed person is much lower at his or her best moments than the mood of the normal person at his or her worst. Depression is a state of mind. It is specifically a mental disorder characterised by a lowering of the individual's vitality, his mood, desires, hopes, aspirations and of his self-esteem.

(P.T.O.

2. Depression arising out of environmental factors is called reactive depression whereas depression arising out of some biochemical changes in the brain is called endogenous depression. If depression is mild or moderate and if the individual is in touch with his surroundings, it is known as neurone depression. If the individual is severely disturbed and is not able to comprehend what is happening around, such a state is called psychotic depression.
3. Old age is one of the stages of human development, where a person attains wisdom, maturity, social and economic stability with social recognition and emotional fulfilment. Generally, societies show a great respect and consideration for the aged. In ancient times old people were considered as the guiding stars in Indian families, since they were symbols of tradition, respect, wisdom and experience. In primitive, ancient and medieval cultures, old persons had a recognized social role. They were of great value because they could impart knowledge and skill to youngsters. The old people were considered as repositories of wisdom and traditions and were not perceived as problems.
4. At present, social structures and values are undergoing transformation from traditional to modern. There is a rapid stride in urbanization and industrialization leading to the breaking up of joint families and property. This has ultimately weakened the traditional families, social position and status of the aged in the family. From time to time changes in the institutions of marriage and family have diminished the control of parents over their children. It has increased the freedom of children and they view the aged as a useless and non-productive entity. Modernization has eventually led to the degradation of their status and authority. Consequently the integrity of the family and the existence of the elderly as an integral part of the family are being uprooted. The importance of their functional positions thus declines and consequently their authority and much of the respect and prestige that they enjoyed earlier get faded. These changes generally bring about depression in older people.

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5, As old age advances events at home may also contribute more to their problems, The "empty nest' feeling arising as a result of the grown up children leaving the home, daughters departing as a result of wedlock and sons leaving station in pursuit of higher education or jobs may make the aged more lonely, The loneliness also arises because of premature loss (If spouse. This would deprive the person of a long standing emotional bond that had provided plenty of emotional succour and security. The loss Wherever it might occur in the later years leaves the individual terribly lonely and a huge mercy of the sons and daughters, In-law. Added to these the increasing gap and interactional stress and strain in the family may leave the elderly without peace of mind. The elderly as a result of these developments feel marginalised, alienated and left out of the main stream. The foregoing are the common problems faced by most of the elderly. These either directly or indirectly lead to a sense of loss and make ageing for many an unwanted and unpleasant experience to be abhorred,

(ii) Mildly, the mild depression which is caused due to the loss of a loved one is termed as reactive depression. The person reconciles with the loss and tries to forget the loss. Kind words, and timely support of friends, relatives and family members help one recover from depression.

- (ii) (i) What does 'depressed' mean in common usage? 2
- (ii) What is reactive depression? 2
- (iii) What was the status of the old people in ancient India? 2
- (iv) What are the causes for disintegration of joint family system? 2
- How does one recover from mild depression? 2
- (b) Pick out the words from the passage that mean the same as the following ; 3x 1-3
- (i) dejected (para 5)
- (ii) to feel that they do not belong to a group (para 5)
- (iii) a husband or wife (para 5)

2. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

A vast blanket of pollution stretching across South Asia is cutting down sunlight by 10 per cent over India, damaging agriculture, modifying rainfall patterns and putting hundreds of thousands of people at risk, according to a new study.

The startling findings of scientists working with the United Nations Environment Programme indicate that the spectacular economic growth seen in this part of the world in the past decade may soon falter as a result of this pollution.

Research carried out in India indicates that the haze caused by the reducing winter rice harvests by as much as 10 per cent, the report said.

"Acids in the haze may, by falling as acid rain, have the potential to damage crops and trees. Ash falling on leaves can aggravate the impacts of reduced sunlight on earth's surface. The pollution that is forming the haze could be leading to several hundreds of thousands of premature deaths; of higher levels of respiratory diseases," it said. Results from seven cities, in India alone, including Delhi, Mumbai, Ahmedabad and Kolkata, estimate that air pollution was annually responsible for 24,000 premature deaths in the early 1990s. By the mid 1990s they resulted in 30,000 premature deaths.

"The haze has cut down sunlight over India by 10 per cent (so far) - a huge amount! In its repercussion, the North West of India is drying up," Prof V Ramanathan said when asked specifically about the impact of the haze over India. Stating that sunlight was going down every year, he said. "We are still in an early stage of understanding of the impact of the haze,

Asked whether the current drought in most parts of India after over a decade of good monsoon was owing to the haze, he said, "it was too early to reach a conclusion. If the drought persists for about four to five years, then we should start suspecting that it may be because of the haze."

India, China and Indonesia are the worst affected owing to their population density, economic growth and depleting forest cover. The preliminary results indicate that the build up of haze, a mass of ash, acids, aerosols and other

particles is disrupting weather systems. Including rainfall and wind patterns and triggering droughts in western parts of the Asian Continent. The concern is that the regional and global impacts of the haze are set to intensify over the next 30 years as the population of the Asian region rises to an estimated five billion people.

- (n) On the basis of your reading of the above passage make notes on it using headings and sub-headings. Use recognizable abbreviations, wherever necessary.
- (h) Write a summary of the passage in 80 words using the notes made and also suggest a suitable title.

SECTION B : WRITING SKILLS

J5

3. You lost your wrist watch in your school auditorium. Write a notice in not more than 50 words for your school notice board giving a detailed description of the watch. You are Amrudh/Arundhati of class XII of Springfields School, Pune.

OR

You are Dr. Vidhu, M.D. You are looking for an independent house in Ghaziabad on a reasonable rent for your residence-cum-clinic. Draft a suitable advertisement in not more than 50 words to be published in Hindustan Times, New Delhi. Your telephone no is 12341234.

4. You are Amrit/Anurudha of B.~I.B. Public School, Dalrmanugar. Recently your school celebrated Environment Week. Giving details of the celebrations write a report in 100-125 words for your school magazine.

II

OR

You are Aksh / Ambika. You attended a seminar arranged for class XII students by AIC School, Chennai on the topic, 'How to face the examination with confidence.' Write a report in 100-125 words for your school magazine. Invent the necessary details.

5. As Sports Incharge of A.C.C. Public School, Secunderabad, write a letter to the Secretary of the Sports Authority of India, Delhi, requesting him to send the details of scholarships admissible to different categories of students of the school, who have achieved excellence in various sports.

10

OR

You are the Librarian of T.I.S.S. School, Kolar. Write a letter to Messrs Vikas Publishers, Chennai placing an order for some books for your school library. Mention the details of the books (at least four) and ask for the discount available on the purchase.

6. National Cadet Corps is an organization which not only inculcates discipline in the youth but also prepares them for the defence of the country. It also provides an opportunity to the students to participate in various other activities such as adventure, culture etc. Write an article in 150-200 words on the need to make it compulsory in all schools in the country.

10

OR

The joint family system is gradually disintegrating in the country. Elderly people get neglected because of the nuclear family. It increases the need of homes for the aged. Write an article to 150-200 words on the topic entitled "Should there be Homes for the Aged in India."

Section C : 1.1.1 ER, IIRF

45

7. (a) Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:

..... I soon

put that thought away, and

looked out at young

trees sprinting, the merry children spilling

out of their homes.

- (i) Who looked out at young trees?
- (ii) Which thought did she put away?
- (iii) What do young sprinting trees signify?

2

OR

Perhaps the Earth can teach *us*
 as when everything seems dead
 and later proves to be alive.

Now I'll count III> to 1\clv e
 and you keep quiet and I\ ill go,

- (i) What does the earth teach us ? 2
- (ii) Why does the poet count up to twelve ?
- (iii) What will keeping quiet help us achieve?
- (h) Answer any three of the following questions in 30-40 words each : (12)
- (i) What was the plea of the folk who had put up the roadside stand ?
- (ii) What does the poet wish for the children of the slums ?
- (iii) How does the poet describe Aunt Jennifer's tigers ?
- (iv) What makes human beings love life in spite of troubles and sufferings ? (1 x 10 = 10)

H. Answer the following questions in 30-40 words each:

- (a) Garbage to them is gold. Why does the author say so about the rag-pickers ?
- (b) How was the scene in the school in the morning of the last lesson different from that on other days ?
- (c) How do we know that ordinary people too contributed to the freedom movement ?
- (d) Why did everybody in the studio think of giving the author some work to do?
- (e) State the reason for the huge success of the novel 'The Name of the Rose.'

9. Answer the following question in 125-150 words : 10

What was Douglas's fear ? How did he overcome that fear ?

OR

Compare and contrast the character of the iron master with that of his daughter,

10. Answer the following question in 125-150 words: 7

How did Mr. Lamb's meeting with Derry become a turning point in Derry's life ?

OR

The world's geological history is trapped in the Antarctic. How is the study of this region useful to us ?

- II.** Answer the following questions in 30-40 words each:

- (a) Do you think that the third level was a medium of escape for Churlish ? Why ?
- (b) How did the tiger king celebrate his victory over the killing of the (the) tiger ?
- (c) How did the gardener react when Dr Sudao told him about the wounded American soldier ?
- (d) How does Joe want the story to end and why ?